

Elmer coupled permafrost – model

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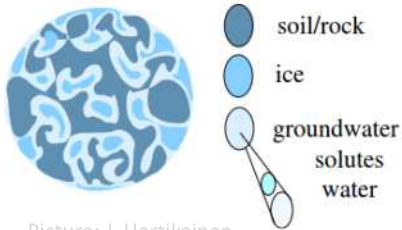
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Permafrost model

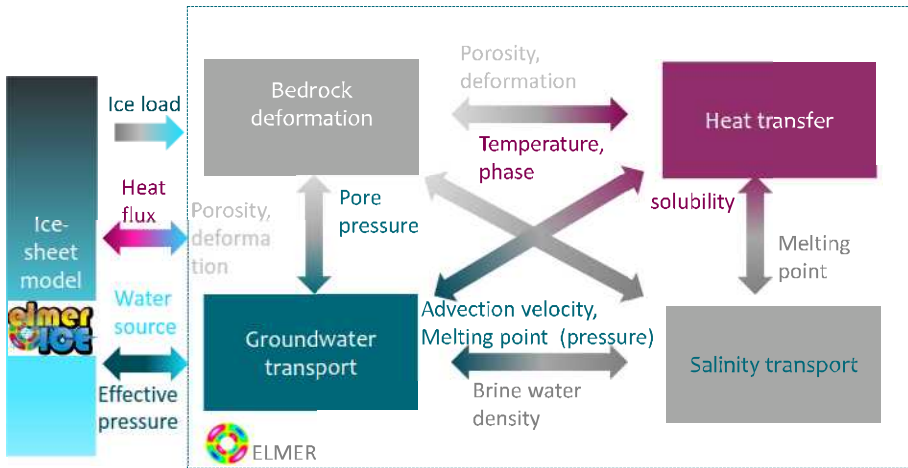
- **Saturated porous medium that consists of skeleton of rock or soil, ice and groundwater of water and dissolved salts :**

1. Heat transfer
2. Groundwater flow of saturated aquifer (Darcy)
3. Solute transport within groundwater
4. Deformation of bedrock (porosity)

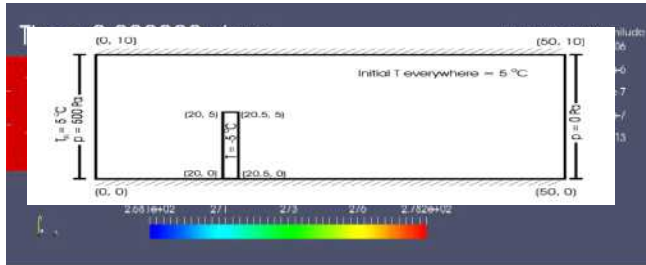


Picture: J. Hartikainen

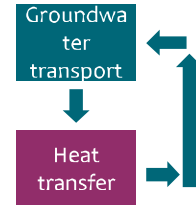
Permafrost model



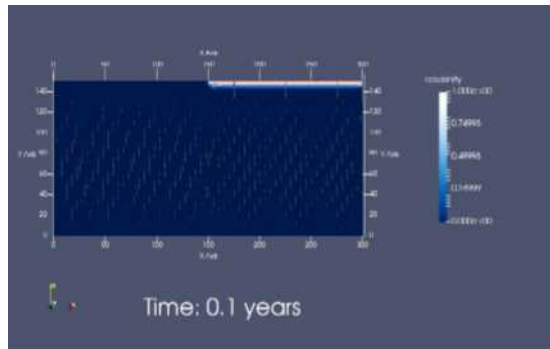
Validation of single components



Coupled groundwater flow (after McKenzie et al., 2007)

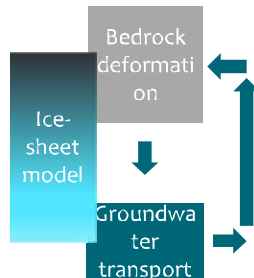
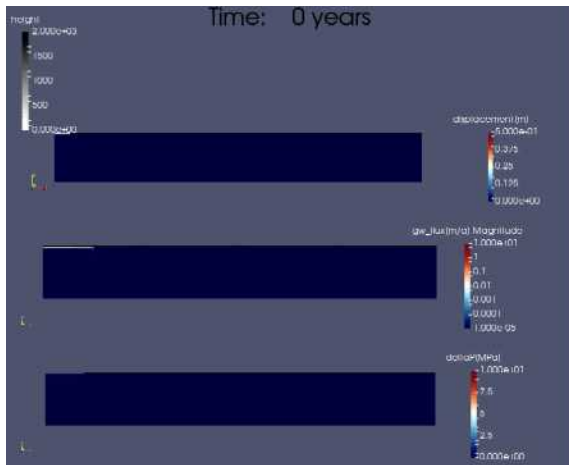


Validation of single components: Elder Problem



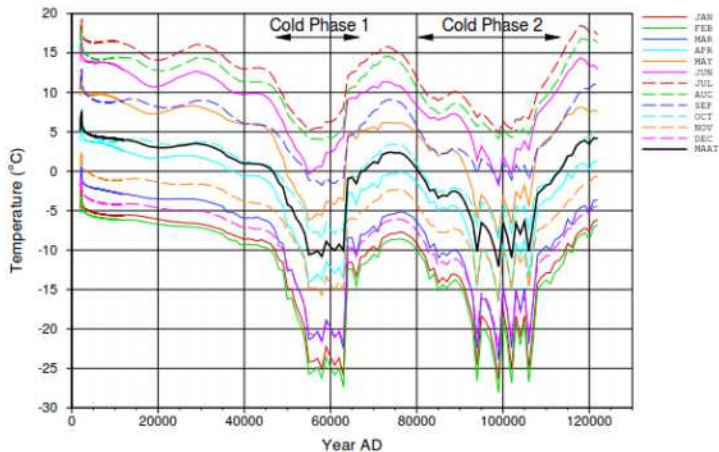
Elder Problem (Voss and Souza, 1987): salinity transport in porous medium

Real world example: Ice-sheet advance



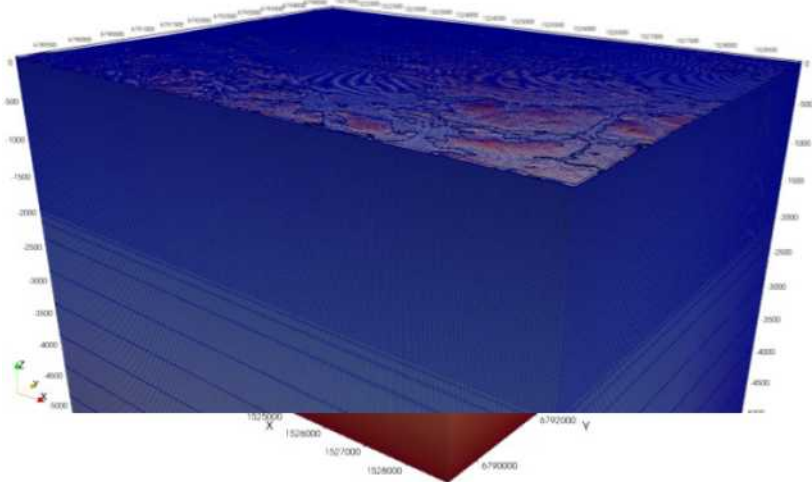
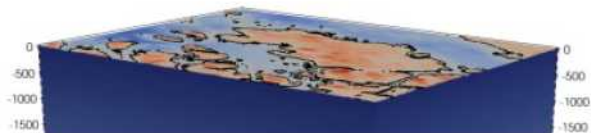
Olkiluoto: Climate forcing

- Modified RCP 4.5 for 120kyr into future
- 2 significant (slightly manually exaggerated) cold periods



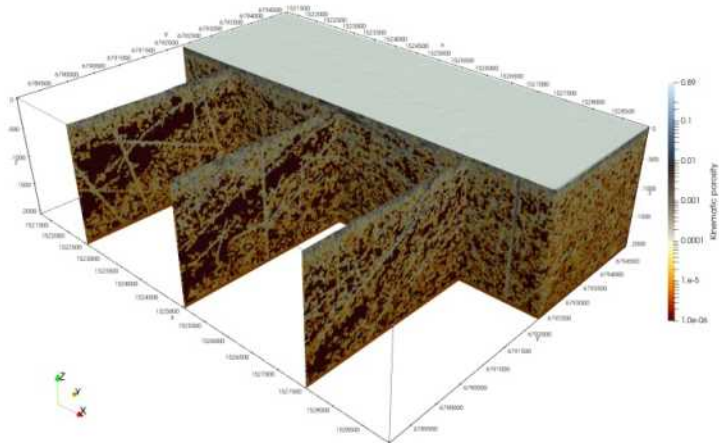
Olkiluoto domain

- 7.7x5.8 km² around Eurajoki island, W-coast Finland (Botnian bay)
- Strong land uplift ongoing for several millennia to come
- Nuclear waste repository about 400 m under ground in granite rock
- Extended ~10 km below surface
- 30x30x30 m³ resolution mesh for first 2000 m



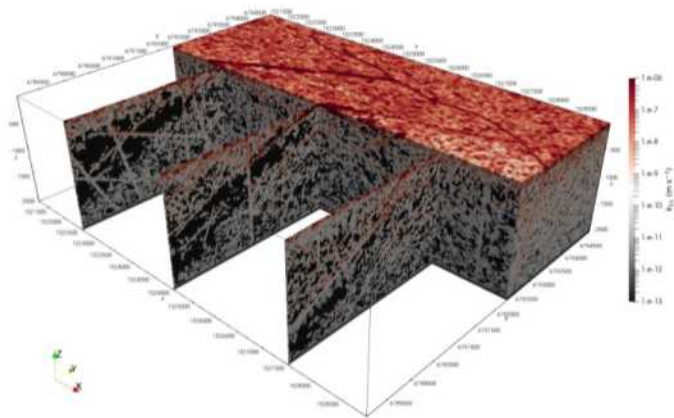
Olkiluoto: measured parameters

- Kinematic porosity



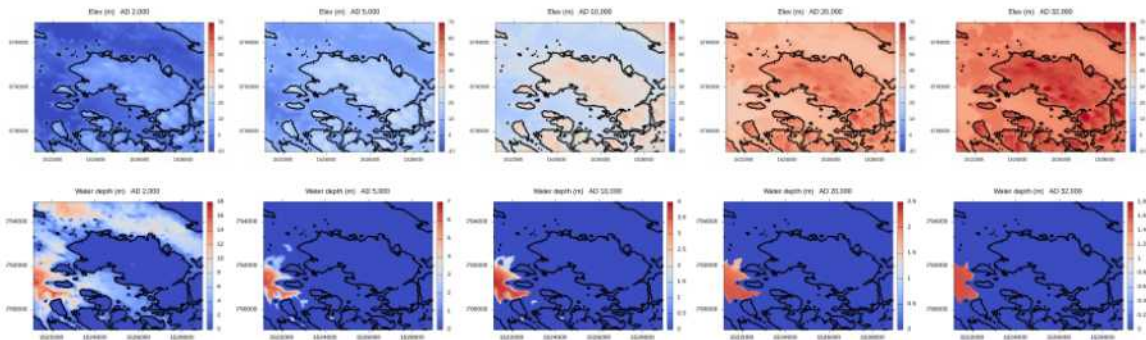
Olkiluoto: measured parameters

- Hydr. conductivity



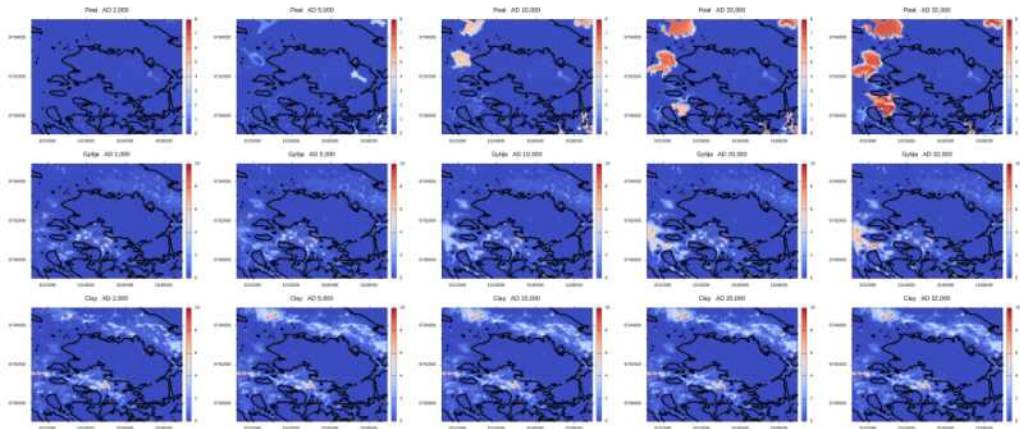
Olkiluoto: external input

- Land-uplift



Olkiluoto: external input

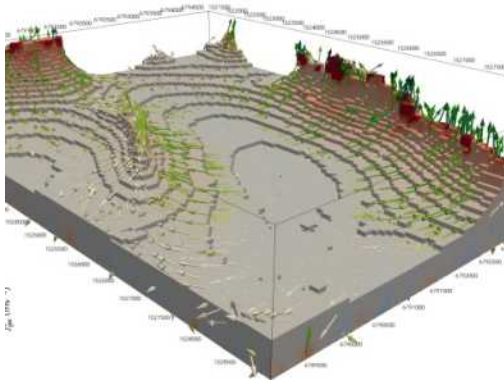
- Soil-evolution



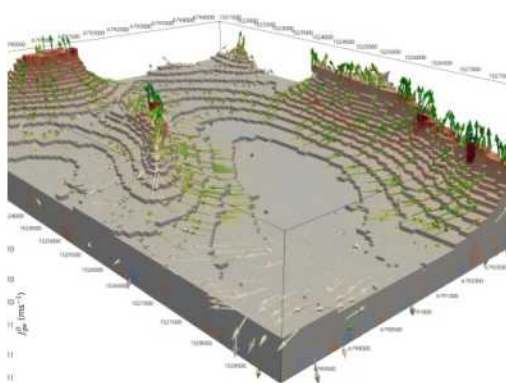
These are preliminary results!



Olkiluoto: Groundwater flow



Before Freezing



During Freezing

These are preliminary results!



Olkiluoto: permafrost thickness

AD 61,721

